

Profitable Webinar Formula

S1: For this module, we'll explore the intricacies of forming a webinar presentation. It might seem difficult at first but if you follow these steps that I'm going to share with you, you'll find it to be easier.

The Importance Of Structure

- A presentation has to have a structure
- Like a story, an arc allows easier understanding

S2: Your presentation should always have a structure. The reason for having a structure is so that your presentation has a flow. A flow is important to not make your presentation seem disjointed. If it were disjointed, you might throw off the audience.

Even stories like movies and works of literature have an arc that they follow. A story arc goes way back to ancient Greek dramas and still significant now and will continue to be significant in years to come.

A webinar presentation may not follow the same structure and arc, but the idea of it is somewhat similar and can be applied. The common structure of a story, without

delving into specific details, is an introduction, a build-up, and an ending. This structure can be applied to your webinar presentation.

You need a structure to have a flow. Without flow, your presentation will be confusing. It would be hard to follow and would throw people off. A flow allows people to take in information comfortably. Furthermore, important details that you want to share will have a higher impact with the best build-up.

Structure is important and fortunately, it's not hard to follow.

Introduction

- Introduce self
 - Be friendly and personal
- Introduce presentation
 - What is it about
 - Method of delivery, how you are going to present

S3: Do remember the importance of the introduction. This determines the audience's perception towards the webinar presentation.

Welcome the audience and thank them for their participation. Then hype them up a little bit by giving encouragement. This is the warm-up of your presentation.

Then, move on to introducing yourself. You must be friendly and personal here. Even though you cannot really see the physical audience unlike in a real seminar, you must remember that they are there. So, put on the best smile and introduce yourself. Tell the audience your name, your nickname, it's best if you have one, for example, "Hello, my name is James Smith, but you can call me Jim." It creates affability.

Then tell the audience what do you do for a living, your company's name if you want, your credentials, and everything else that would bring yourself closer to the audience. But bear in mind to not spend too much time introducing yourself.

Next, introduce a bit about the presentation. Tell them roughly how long it's going to be, and inform them of a Q&A session at the end. If you have a particular method of presenting, let them know, too.

Tell Them What To Expect

- Share a rough idea of contents
- Promise audience their attention will be rewarded
- Bring benefits into light

S4: The audience would now want to know what to expect from your presentation. Tell them a bit of your content. Share what your contents are about and tell them what you are going to talk about. This is so that the audience knows roughly how long your presentation is going to be. Most importantly, they know which part is going to be the ending. The audience would be comfortable if they were to know when it's going to end.

Also, promise the audience that their attention will be rewarded. You can do this by sharing the benefits of paying attention what you're going to share. At this point, they already know what they want and why they are listening to you but it's good to recite again just to get them more excited. Throughout your webinar presentation, energy is important. Not just energy from you but also your audience. You have to keep them excited. And sharing what they're going to gain from your presentation is a good way to do so.

Opportunities Out There

- Let audience know of the opportunities out there
 - Share statistics

S5: Tell your audience of opportunities. They want to know what lies ahead. They want to know what are the possibilities out there. They want to know what they can achieve. So, talk about the opportunities.

The best way to do this is to share statistics. For example, if your webinar is about Facebook advertising, show them the number of Facebook users. Present them with statistics. If you have visuals for your presentation, you can display the numbers and statistics with a graph. This is so the audience can get a clearer picture and they can be excited by the potential of the skills and knowledge they are about to acquire from you. As mentioned, keeping them energized is key.

Case Studies

- Share case studies
 - Own and others
 - Not too much lest the audience gets bored

S6: It's best to have case studies prepared. Tell them the success of others pertinent to the topic you're presenting. Since you've hyped them up by sharing the opportunities out there previously, this will keep the hype going. These proofs will keep them hooked and for them to be inspired. You might need to do a little bit of research for this part. But try your best to avoid disregarding it. It adds the impact of your presentation and your contents.

However, remember to not share too many. If you discuss too many case studies, you will bore your audience. They are your audience because they want to learn skills, not studying history.

Share Personal Stories

- Be personal so that audience can relate
- “Rags to riches” stories work best
 - The struggle before success
 - Where you were and where you are

S7: As mentioned, personality is important. Now, it’s time to be more personal than just being affable. Share your stories. The “before and after” stories. This is so that the audience can relate and even be inspired. The best story is, of course, a success story. What they want to hear is a “rags to riches” story. Tell them of the struggle you had, of everything you went through before. By doing this, you are reeling the audience in as they can relate to the past you.

At the end, tell them of your success. Tell them how your problems were solved. The idea of doing this is to establish and make clear where you were and where you are now. Essentially, they want to know if they can do it, too.

“You Can Do It”

- Tell the audience of their potential
- Make them realize that they can do it
- “If I can, you can, too.”

S8: And assure them they can do it, too. They need reassurance. Tell the audience of their potential. The purpose of being personal is so that you can get across the message, “If I can, you can, too.”

What you need to do is to encourage the audience. Encourage them to be committed and to work hard. You've already told them of the how and of the opportunities for them, it's time for them to give the push. The whole point of a presentation is to make the audience know that once you have the know-how and the tips, it is not difficult to do.